THE DAILY PROGRESS.

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[illegible]

FIRST EDITION.

[illegible]

[illegible] fight. We bivouacked that night eight miles from Goldsboro, encountering no further opposition.

On the morning of the 17th I advanced on Goldsboro. [illegible] Major [illegible], with two companies of cavalry, to make a feint in the direction of Dudley's Station and Everettsville. They scattered a small force of the enemy there in every direction, [illegible] a train of [illegible] cars, water station, depot, &c., as well as [illegible] arms which they were not able to carry off, and captured a flag of the enemy. They then returned by a short cut to the main column. I also ordered Maj. Garrard, with four companies of cavalry and one section of artillery, to make a feint in the direction of a bridge over the Neuse on our right, called Thompson's Bridge. He found the enemy in force, supposed to be one regiment of infantry and four pieces of artillery, and the bridge already burned. I then directed, in order to make the feint more complete and to further detach the enemy, one regiment (Forty-third Massachusetts) and Angel's battery (Third New York artillery) to the support of the cavalry and to engage the enemy, which they did, silencing, after an hour's engagement, the enemy's fire.

Colonel Lee's brigade was in advance of the main column, and came upon the enemy in small force on the edge of the woods lining the railroad track.—Biggs' battery (Third New York artillery) was placed in position and opened upon them, when the enemy retired.

The ninth New Jersey were ordered to strike the railroad track and follow it up direct to the bridge which they were to burn. Three regiments of Colonel Lee's brigade were ordered to their support (the Twenty-fifth and Twenty-seventh and Third Massachusetts.) The remaining regiment was thrown on the left to protect our flank in that quarter. General Wessells' brigade was advanced and formed on the hill overlooking the track, &c. These regiments were thrown to the left and the remaining regiments in line to be available at any point. My artillery was brought forward and placed in position, firing to the front and left, principally at the bridge. The enemy replied with artillery from the other side of the river.

Colonel Heckman advanced steadily by the track, fighting the enemy's infantry posted at the bridge, and receiving a fire from the artillery in a Monitor car, on the track of the bridge. After two hours he reached the bridge, and under a heavy fire, Lieutenant Graham, Twenty-third New York battery, acting as aid-de-camp to Colonel Heckman, fired the bridge. All who had attempted it were picked off, as was wounded Lieut. B. N. Mann, Seventeenth Massachusetts, who accompanied him.

I brought all my artillery to bear to prevent any effort to save the bridge, and when the fire was doing its work ordered a countermarch for Newbern, leaving Col. Lee to form the rear guard. Col. Lee was forming his brigade to leave the field, deeming the fight over, when three regiments of the enemy were seen across the railroad track, [illegible] protected by the embankment on which the track was laid. Col. Lee placed Morrison's battery in position and recalled his regiment in line. The enemy advanced with cheers across the railroad steadily in line upon Lee's brigade. Morrison's battery opened on the advancing line with spherical case, which did good effect; but they advanced steadily until within three hundred yards of the battery, where, unable to stand the fearful loss they were sustaining from the battery, they broke, and retreated. Their retreat was unexpectedly covered by a masked battery in the woods on our left. Belger's Rhode Island battery, which had been brought back, opened in reply to the battery and on two regiments which came in view supporting their guns. Rigg's battery, Third New York artillery, was placed on an eminence on our left and in line with the enemy; then, bringing a cross-fire to bear, they were thereby forced to return, as also a regiment in the woods on our right. Colonel Lee, having orders not to attempt any further move, again formed his brigade and batteries and proceeded to join the colum which I had halted on hearing the firing from Col. Lee.

This was a bold attempt of the enemy to entrap and secure Colonel Lee's brigade and Morrison's battery. Owing to the efficiency of Colonel Lee and Morrison's battery it was a disastrous failure.

With a strong cavalry rear guard, I then started on my return by the direct road, took and transported my sick and wounded men from Whitehall and Kinston, bringing them all safely to this point.

On the 18th a fleet of small boats, left Newbern under Commander Murray, United States Navy, to attack the works on the river at Kinston; but owing to the lowness of the water in the river only one small boat—the Allison, under Colonel Manchester, Marine

[illegible]

MOVEMENTS OF THE WAR.

There are no army movements in Virginia worth mentioning. The Dispatch of yesterday says:

The quiet along the lines of our army on the Rappahannock continues unbroken.

From the Valley, [illegible] we have reports which represent the [illegible] of the enemy in the section now held by them [illegible] throughout that section.—They are stripping the country of everything in the way of horses, cattle and provisions. They are also putting into execution the [illegible] proclamation of Lincoln. The able bodied negroes are pressed into service as [illegible], while the women and children are [illegible] set for themselves. [illegible] left their [illegible] the hospitality of the North.

On the line of the Blackwater, and in the vicinity of Suffolk all is quiet. The Enquirer of yesterday says:

Information recently received represent everything as quiet about Suffolk. It is, however, expected that a feint will be made towards Blackwater about the time the Yankee force moves from Newbern [illegible]. The number of Abolitionists about Suffolk is supposed not to exceed 10,000 or 12,000.

But a few depredations have been committed upon the citizens west of Suffolk since Gen. Pryor went down so near the town and gave them such a fright.

A private letter from a source entirely reliable, says that the Yankees have taken the bells and [illegible] from several [illegible] in the vicinity of Suffolk, and that all the churches in the surrounding country have been robbed. The Church at Bethlehem, Cyprus Chapel, [illegible] and Providence, are [illegible] of those which have been thus desecrated.

All the Churches in Suffolk are used by Yankee Chaplains. An Episcopal [illegible] (so called) occupies the [illegible] church. A presbyterian preacher has [illegible] the Baptist Church and a Universalist has possession of the Christian Church.

The following relative to the affair in Madison county, N. C., heretofore mentioned in the *Progress*, is from the Chattanooga Rebel:

KNOXVILLE, Jan. 12.—A party of bushwhackers sacked the village of Marshall, Madison county, North Carolina on the 8th. The citizens were made prisoners and Col. Allen's house was plundered. They say Gen. Polk shall not leave Ashville, where he is now on a visit to his wife. A large amount of property has been destroyed. Ashville is threatened. On their retreat to the mountains, the bushwhackers desolated the country. Col. Allen's force is at Knoxville.

KINDNESS TO SOLDIERS.

The love of gain has not steeled all the hearts of our people. There are even some men left that can *feel an act*, while the noble, pure women of the land—God bless them—are untiring in their attentions to the soldiers and in their devotion to the cause. The following from the Knoxville *Register*, are refreshing instances of humanity in these times:

"As the subject of kindness to soldiers has become a matter of discussion, we may refer to incidents which illustrate the comparative generosity of individuals and people in different localities. There is a landlord, Col. Boyd, at Wytheville, Virginia, whose heart is just such as should pulsate in the breast of every Southern woman. He is the keeper of a hotel constantly crowded with soldiers and travelers. He has doubtless been often imposed upon, but generosity fans the flame that is enkindled on the altar of patriotism. When his table was crowded with soldiers, when the wounded were there from the battle-fields around Richmond, we saw him with a basket full of edibles going through the cars, and, without charge, giving food, and supplying the wants of those who could not leave the train.

After the battle of Sharpsburg we passed over a line of railroad in central Georgia, the disabled soldiers from Gen. Lee's armies were returning to their homes. At every station the wives and daughters of the farmers came on the cars and distributed food and wines, and bandages among the sick and wounded.—We shall never forget how very like an angel was a pretty little girl; how blushingly and modestly she went to a great rude, bearded soldier, who had carved a crutch from a rough plank to replace a lost leg; how this little girl asked him if he was hungry, and how he ate like a famished wolf. She asked if his wound was painful, and in a voice of soft mellow accents, "Can I do nothing more for you? I am so sorry you are so badly hurt; have you a little daughter, and won't she cry when she sees you?" The rude soldier's heart was touched, and tears of love and gratitude filled his eyes. He only answered, "I have three little children. God grant that they may be such angels as you." With an evident effort he repressed a desire to kiss the fair brow of the pretty little girl. He took her little hand between both his own, and bade her "good-bye, God bless you." This child will always be a better woman because of these lessons of practical god-like charity stamped ineffaceably upon her young heart.

Elsewhere the people have grown selfish. The spirit of speculation has dried up the fountains of charity and love. There is a growing selfishness that is a disgrace to our race. The people here only give vent to their patriotism in the anxiety expressed that East Tennessee may not be overrun by Abolitionists and emancipated slaves. They criticise all generalship scientifically, and can mouth out sad forebodings with the exhaustless tears of Heraclitus.

Every citizen in or out of the army, man or woman, is a soldier in this war. The duties of each are well and perfectly defined, and if we love the South, we shall always find employment for our heads and hands outside the sphere of speculation, where jeremiads are inaudible, where charity and love and patriotism find broad fields for their ceaseless exercise."

THE FIRST GEORGIA REGULARS.—The First Georgia Regulars, Col. McGill, passed through this city this morning on the way to Macon to recruit and fill up their ranks. This Regiment went into service with over nine hundred men, and have only about three hundred left. They have been in twelve engagements, and bravely have they met, with stout hearts, the hirelings of the abolition invader. Their gallant Colonel has lost his left arm in defending the liberties of his country, but he says he will not quit his command "as long as he has a breath of life in him."—The troops made a fine martial appearance as they passed through our city, and their movements showed that they had been well drilled. All honor to the noble First and their gallant Colonel.—*Savannah Republican.*

How do the ladies of the Confederacy resemble the speculators?

Do you give it up?

The ladies remain at home and *pray for* the coun'y; the speculators remain at home and *prey upon* it.

AUCTION AND PRIVATE SALES.

HOUSE AND LOT [illegible]

HAVING DETERMINED [illegible] I offer for sale, [illegible] in the village of Chapel Hill. [illegible] with two Double Kitchens and other [illegible] on the premises.

Any person wanting a pleasant home in a [illegible] village, [illegible]. Possession given immediately. Terms accommodating.

I will also sell my HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN furniture with the house and lot if desired.

[illegible]

FRUIT TREES AT AUCTION.

50,000 [illegible] TREES WILL BE SOLD AT public auction on the [illegible] January, 1863, at CARTER'S NURSERY, Raleigh, N. C. These trees are the finest [illegible] in the Confederacy, [illegible].

RAILROAD STOCK FOR SALE.

WILL BE SOLD ON THURSDAY THE 22D JANUARY next, at the Court House, in Raleigh, Nine Shares of Stock in the North Carolina Railroad Company and Ten Shares Stock in the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company.

Jan 13-td KEMP P. BATTLE, Adm'r.

LUXUMBERG.

THERE BEING MORE LAND IN THE TRACT THAN I need, I would sell a part, say 100 acres of the LUXUMBERG NURSERY TRACT OF LAND, about one-third being woodland and within one mile of the town of Greensboro, N. C. This very valuable tract of land has on it one of the best orchards in the State, consisting of [illegible] thousand choice and select fruit-bearing trees of the different varieties, viz: Apricots, Pears, Nectarines, Plums, Cherries, a fine selection of Peaches, Apples, &c. The improvements are good and new. Purchasers are invited to come and see for themselves.

C. C. YATES,

Jan 5-2w Greensboro', N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NORTH CAROLINA CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE.

NEW SERIES.

IT IS CONTEMPLATED TO RESUME THE PUBLICATION of the *North Carolina Christian Advocate* at an early day, under the patronage of the North-Carolina Conference, and under the direction and ownership of a joint stock Company, composed of ministers and laymen, to secure its permanency.

It will be as its name imports, a CHRISTIAN *Advocate*,—It will sustain and defend the doctrines and discipline of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, and labor to advance Christ's Kingdom on earth, and to promote peace and good will among all men.

Besides its earnest, *religious* character, it shall be an advocate of the moral, educational and industrial progress of North Carolina—a welcome visitor to every *family* and to the camps of our brave soldiers, and a faithful chronicler of what may be useful and interesting, and of the current news.

All our traveling and local ministers and the stockholders of the Company, are specially requested to act as Agents for the paper.

The old subscribers of the *Advocate* will be supplied with the *new series*, to the full amount due them at the time of its suspension, but as the mail books are not in the possession of the Editor, he must rely on the old subscribers themselves and the Agents, to furnish him with their names and post offices and the amount due them.

The *Advocate* will be well printed on good paper, and will contain an amount of reading matter equal to any paper in the State.

During the continuance of war prices, the subscription price will be $3 per annum, always in advance.

Agents who send us ten or more *new* subscribers and the *Cash*, will be entitled to a copy of the paper for one year. It is desirable that a large list be sent in at once.

Address WM. E. PELL, *Editor.*

Raleigh, N. C. Jan. 2, 1863.

NORTH CAROLINA SIX PER CENT. COUPON BONDS.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT OF NORTH CAROLINA,
Dec 28, 1862.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT this office until 10 o'clock, A. M., 26th of Jan. next, for the purchase of TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS of Bonds, issued by the State of North Carolina, dated Jan. 1st, 1863, running thirty years, and payable at this Department.

The above Bonds will have Coupons attached, for interest at six per cent. per annum, payable 1st of July and 1st of January in each year.

Successful bidders, upon being informed of the acceptance of their bids, can deposite the amount of their bids, including the interest accrued thereon, to the credit of the Public Treasurer, in the Bank of North Carolina or Bank of Cape Fear, Raleigh.

Parties bidding will please address their letters, endorsed "Proposals for N. C. Stocks," to the Public Treasurer, at Raleigh, N. C.

The bids will be opened in the presence of the Governor, Secretary and Comptroller of State, and the President of the Bank of North Carolina.

Dec 31-td JONATHAN WORTH, Pub. Treas.

PIANO FORTES.

JAMES PIRSSON, PIANO FORTE MANUFACturer, respectfully informs the public that he has established himself in Raleigh, and offers his services to all those who wish their Pianos skilfully and thoroughly tuned or repaired. Orders left at the Book Store of W. L. Pomeroy, Esq., or at Mr. Pirsson's residence in Hargett street, nearly opposite the Fair Grounds, will meet with prompt attention.

N. B.—Piano Fortes bought and sold. Mr. Pirsson refers to Rev. Dr. Smedes and Professor Hanson.

Jan 13-tf

LOST.

IN THE RECENT FLIGHT FROM GOLDSBORO', on the occasion of the battle, a large TRUNK, painted green, with oval top, and banded with iron bands, and has three oak ribs on top, marked "Mrs. J. W. Hancock, Durham, N. C.," on paper pasted on; also has a lage spot on one end of a different color, owing to having something spilled on it. A liberal reward will be paid for its delivery to the Railroad Agent at Durham Station, or at Goldsboro', N. C. J. W. HANCOCK.

Jan 10-2w*

MISS PIRSSON

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES TO THE CITIZENS of Raleigh that she intends taking Pupils on the PIANO FORTE and in SINGING. Those who are already advanced in music would be preferred. Terms made known on application at her residence in Hargett street, nearly opposite the Fair Ground. Jan 13-tf.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT,

RALEIGH, N. C., Dec. 4, 1862.

LEAD WANTED.—I WISH TO PURCHASE LEAD for this department. Persons having large or small quantities will please apply to me.

THOS. D. HOGG, CAPT. C. S.

Dec. 5-tf In charge of Ordnance.

L. J. GUILMARTIN,

DEALER IN

WOOL, HIDES, TALLOW AND WAX,

192 Congress street, second door from Jefferson,

SAVANNAH GEORGIA.

A SUPPLY OF THE ABOVE ARTICLES CONstantly on hand. All kinds of SKINS bought and sold. Dec 29-2m*

I WISH TO PURCHASE ONE OR TWO CITY LOTS, with good improvements. Would prefer them near the Central Depot. Apply to

Dec 19-tf J. H. KIRKHAM.

WE ARE REQUESTED BY THE FRIENDS OF W. R. RICHARDSON, Esq., to announce his name for COMMISSIONER from Middle Ward, at the ensuing municipal election. Dec 17-td

MILITARY NOTICES.

[illegible]

[illegible] over any road than the road has the ability to carry promptly, the officer furnishing evidence of transportation will indicate to the railroad officer what shall take precedence. In the absence of any special order as to what [illegible] by any Quartermaster, the Quartermaster General may issue in regard thereto.

IV. When troops or freight is to be moved out of the usual routine of a railroad, the officer having charge of such movement, will fix with the superintendent, or other officer of the road on which the movement is to be made the day and hour of departure, and when so fixed, the troops or freight must be ready at the appointed time.

V. In the event of any military necessity for an unusual movement at any particular point the commanding officer at such a post will communicate fully the character and extent of movement, to the principal officer of the road or roads from which it is required, and ask the personal supervision of the proper railroad officers to the duty.

VI. Quartermasters and Commissaries will exercise discretion in shipping freight not wanted for immediate use, and that may be stored at safe and convenient points, taking care not to block up roads and thereby impede transportation.

VII. When it is necessary to send a special messenger with freight, such messenger must travel with the freight placed in his charge, and his transportation shall be so specified on its face, in order to prevent him from traveling in any other way.

VIII. Enrolling officers will permit conscripts, enrolled while in the employment of railroads, to remain at their duties until Colonel William M. Wadley, A. A. G., decides as to who of them it is necessary should be detailed for service on the road.

IX. Any violation of these orders, or remissness on the part of railroad officers to perform promptly all Government transportation, will be reported to Colonel William M. Wadley, A. A. G., who will indicate from time to time where his headquarters will be.

By order:

(Signed) S. COOPER,

Jan 12-1w Adjutant and Inspector General.

HEADQUARTERS.

EXAMINING BOARD AND ENROLLING OF CONSCRIPTS
IN THE 5TH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT OF N. C.,
OXFORD, N. C., January 8th, 1863.

COMMANDING OFFICERS OF MILITIA REGIments in the 5th Congressional District of N. C., comprising the Counties of Orange, Wake, Granville, Franklin, Warren and Nash, are hereby notified to assemble *all* white male persons between the ages of 18 and 40 years, belonging to their respective Regiments, at the following named places and dates for medical examination and final enrollment.

Issued in obedience to special order No 12 by Col. Mallett, Commandant Conscripts in North Carolina.

The commanding officer of the 42d Regiment, Granville County Militia, will assemble his men at Oxford on the 19th and 20th days of January, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 43d Regiment of Granville County Militia, will assemble his men at Oxford on the 21st and 22d days of January, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 45th Regiment of Orange County Militia, will assemble his men at Hillsborough, on the 26th and 27th days of January, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 46th Regiment of Orange County Militia, will assemble his men at Hillsborough, on the 28th and 29th days of January, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 38th Regiment of Wake County Militia, will assemble his men at the Court House in Raleigh, on the 2d and 3rd days of February, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 39th Regiment of Wake County Militia, will assemble his men at the Court House in Raleigh, on the 4th and 5th days of February, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 118th Regiment of Wake County Militia, will assemble his men at the Court House in Raleigh, on the 6th and 7th days of February, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 40th Regiment of Franklin County Militia, will assemble his men at Louisburg, on the 10th and 11th days of February, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 37th Regiment of Warren County Militia, will assemble his men at Warrenton, on the 13th and 14th days of February, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 32d Regiment of Nash County Militia, will assemble his men at Nashville, on the 18th and 19th days of February, 1863.

H. W. CAFFEY,
Asst. Surg. P. A. C. S.
Ch'n Examining Board.
A. LANDIS, JR.,
Capt and Enrolling Officer
5th Congressional Dist. of N. C.

Militia officers will report all absentees and deserters from the army, and all persons who were enrolled under the first conscript act and failed to report at camp of instruction.

A. LANDIS, JR.,
Capt. and Enrolling Officer
Jan 13-1w 5th Congressional Dis. of N C.

EXCHANGE NOTICE, NO. 4.

RICHMOND, VA., Jan. 10, 1863.

THE FOLLOWING OFFICERS AND MEN HAVE been duly exchanged, and are hereby so declared.

1. All officers and men captured in Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia, Florida and South Carolina, up to December 10th, 1862.
2. All officers and men captured in Missouri, Kansas, New Mexico, Arizona, Arkansas and Louisiana up to January 1st, 1863.
3. The two foregoing sections apply not only to officers and men of the Confederate service, but also to all persons captured in arms or hostile array against the United States, whatever may have been the character of the military organizations to which they were attached, and whatever may have been the terms of the paroles given by them. If any are in Federal prisons, they are to be immediately released, and delivered to the Confederate authorities.
5. All Confederate officers and men who have been delivered at City Point up to January 6th, 1863.
6. All Confederate officers and men who have been delivered at Vicksburg up to December 23d, 1862, and including said date.
7. All paroled Confederate officers and men receipted for at Vicksburg up to December 23d, 1862, and including said date.
8. All Confederate officers and men captured and paroled at Fredericksburg, Va., in December, 1862.
9. All Confederate officers and men captured and paroled at Goldsboro' N. C., in December, 1862.
10. Other miscellaneous and minor exchanges, of which the appropriate officers will be duly informed.

ROBERT OULD,

Jan, 13-6t Agent of Exchange.

SOAP GREASE.

PERSONS WISHING TO MANUFACTURE SOAP can obtain the necessary material from C. H. Thompson, M. S. K., by applying at the N. C. Depot. One half the amount given will be charged in exchange for the Soap received. T. D. HOGG,

Dec 29-tf Captain and C. S.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD is wanted in a convenient part of the city for a gentleman and his wife. A room with a family that has no other boarders will be preferred. Willing to pay a good price for comfortable accommodations. Apply at PROGRESS OFFICE.

nov 22-tf

OXFORD FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE TWENTY-FOURTH SESSION WILL COMmence on the first Monday in February, 1863, and continue five months. For terms, &c., apply to

J. H. MILLS,

Jan 2-1m* Oxford, North Carolina.

[illegible]

One day	$1 00	Two weeks	[illegible]
Two days	1 [illegible]	One month	[illegible]
Three days	[illegible]	Two months	[illegible]
Four days	2 50	Three months	[illegible]
Five days	3 00	Six months	[illegible]
One week	3 50	Twelve months	[illegible]

Twelve lines or less count a square, and additional squares will be charged the same.

Cash will be demanded from all persons except where special contracts are made. When sent by letter the money must accompany the advertisement.

HOTELS.

[illegible]

RALEIGH, N. C.

NOW OPEN FOR THE RECEPTION OF VISITORS.

BAR well stocked with superior Liquors. LARDER supplied with the best the market affords.

Dec 1-tf

GRANGER HOUSE,

WEST SIDE OF RAILROADS,
Goldsboro', N. C.

Right Hand Side Going South.

Left Hand Side Going North.

MEALS READY ON ARRIVAL OF THE CARS.

ATTACHED,
One of the best Barber Shops.

The public may expect

GOOD FARE,

Attentive Servants, accommodating officers, with every other comfort found in a SOUTHERN HOTEL!

T. A. GRANGER,
(Late of the Atlantic House, Beaufort, N. C.)

Jan. 16 *Proprietor.*

BREAKFAST, Dinner and Supper House.
GOING NORTH, BREAKFAST 7.15, A. M.,
DINNER GOING SOUTH, 2¼, P. M.,
GOING NORTH SUPPER 6.10, P. M.

MRS. GRISWOLD'S HOTEL,

GOLDSBORO', N. C.

Right Hand Side going NORTH—Left Hand Side going SOUTH.

Baggage taken to and from the Railroad free of charge.

Passengers stopping at this Hotel may rely on good Fare, good Rooms, and every comfort that can be had.

An addition of sixteen large, comfortable and well-furnished rooms, renders it as complete as any establishment in the State.

A good Barber Shop is attached to the Hotel.

☞ Meals ready on the Arrival of the Cars. ☜

☞ The Cars leave daily.

nov 11 SUSAN A. GRISWOLD & CO.

HEADQUARTERS,

CAMP OF INSTRUCTION, CAMP HOLMES,
December 1, 1862.

In accordance with instructions from the Secretary of War the following General Order, No. 96, is published:

The Enrolling Officers of this State will pay particular attention to the same and report to these Headquarters all officers and enlisted men who do not comply promptly with said order.

By order of COL. PETER MALLETT,
Commanding Camp of Instruction.

E. N. MANN, Adjutant.

ADG'T & INSPECTOR GENERAL'S OFFICE,
RICHMOND, Nov. 27, 1862.

GENERAL ORDERS,
No. 96.

Commandants of conscripts will cause the following order to be published for at least seven times in a sufficient number of newspapers in each State of the Confederacy to ensure its reaching every part of the country.

I. All commissioned officers and enlisted men who are now absent from their commands from any other causes than actual disability, or duty under orders from the Sec'y of War, or from their department commanders will return to their commands without delay.

II. Commissioned officers failing to comply with the provisions of the foregoing paragraph within a reasonable length of time, in no case to exceed twenty days after the publication of this order, shall be dropped from the rolls of the army in disgrace, and their names will be furnished to the commandant of conscripts for enlistment in the ranks.

III. All enlisted men who shall fail to comply with the provisions of paragraph I., of this order, within a reasonable length of time, shall be considered as deserters, and treated accordingly, their names to be furnished to the commandant of conscripts, in their State, for publication, or such other action as may be deemed most efficacious.

IV. In order to ensure the efficient co-operation of all concerned to carry this order into immediate effect, Department Commanders are directed to require from the commanding officer of each separate command in their Departments a prompt report of the names of all commissioned officers and enlisted men now absent from their commands. These reports must state in each case the cause of absence, and any regimental, battalion or company commander who shall neglect to furnish such a report, or who shall knowingly be guilty of concealing any case of unauthorized absence, shall, on conviction thereof, be summarily dismissed.

V. Under the provisions of the 2d clause of paragraph I. of General Orders No. 82 commissioned officers and privates who are incapable of bearing arms in consequence of wounds received in battle, but who are otherwise fit for service, are required, if not otherwise assigned to report to the nearest commandant of conscripts in their respective States who will, if they are fitted for such duty, assign them to the collection of stragglers and the enforcement of the provisions of this order, with full power to call upon the nearest military authority for such assistance as may be necessary thereto.

VI. Officers of the Quartermaster's Department, charged with payment of troops are hereby directed not to pay any commissioned officer, non-commissioned officer or private who does not furnish satisfactory evidence that he is not liable to the penalties described in the foregoing order. Any disbursing officer who shall make payment in violation of this order shall be liable on his bond for the amount of such payment.

By order;

(Signed) S. COOPER,
Adj't and Inspector General.

Dec 2-7t

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RUNAWAY FROM THE UNDERSIGNED, ON THE 25th December, a negro boy named ANDERSON, about twenty-five years old, perfectly black—heavy set, and weight from 175 to 190 pounds when he left.—He has been hand-cuffed. Said by is supposed to have been raised by Mr. Lewis, of Sampson county, N. C.—When he left he had on a blue jacket and white pants, very ragged; has good teeth and speaks freely. I bought him of Mr. L. P. Robinson, of Augusta, Ga., on the 15th instant, and was on my way to Richmond, Va., and had to lay over in Raleigh on account of not being able to get passage. I was camped by the side of the Railroad track. He left about dark.

I will pay the above reward to any person who will deliver said boy to any jail for safe-keeping so that I can get him. Any information will be thankfully received.

SOLOMON COHEN,

Dec 26-1m* Care John B. Davis, Richmond, Va.

I STRIVE TO PLEASE.

G. A. LACK,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

PROCTOR'S OLD STAND,

Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

On "Ugly Row," opposite Lougee's, "Hard by Towles."

WOULD INFORM THE PUBLIC THAT HE HAS on hand at all times a large assortment of CITIZENS and MILITARY CLOTHING, and having procured the services of the immortal C. M. FARRISS, known as the best and most tasty CUTTER in the South, all work will be done under his supervision. I hope to receive a liberal patronage. G. A. LACK.

Dec 5-tf

WANTED—DRS. HOLLAND AND ABERNATHY wish to hire a NEGRO BOY. Apply to them at Peace Institute Hospital. Jan 6-tf

BLOUNT'S CREEK MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

SELL SHEETING 4-4 30 CENTS PER YARD;
OSNABURGS, 35 cents per yard;
COTTON YARN, $3 per bunch.

Dec 3-tf GEO. McNEILL, Pres

BRISTLES! BRISTLES! BRISTLES!

ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS WILL BE paid per pound for BRISTLES, at

P. THIEM'S STORE,

Nov. 27—tf. Next to Towles'.

[illegible]

[illegible] for Advertising.—Cash will be required [illegible] We invite attention to our advertising rates, kept standing at the head of [illegible] all persons [illegible] will [illegible]

[illegible] Special Notice to Subscribers.—All [illegible] Subscribers will stop [illegible]

[illegible] Printing.—We [illegible] of JOB PRINTING. Persons [illegible] may [illegible] Orders solicited.

[illegible] Single Copies of the Progress may be had [illegible] at all hours from [illegible] in the morning until 12 [illegible]. Price FIVE CENTS.

[illegible] To News Dealers.—The Progress will be furnished to [illegible] in any quantities, at [illegible] Dollars a hundred.

[illegible] Stamps.—Postage Stamps in any quantities to sell at Progress Office.

Lamp-Post and Parlor Generals.

The war has developed talent in this country of no ordinary character. We have read of [illegible] had been [illegible] of the first Napoleon, [illegible] transcendant [illegible] that support the [illegible] corners and [illegible] men who the Government [illegible] Generals are as familiar with the [illegible] bridges, ... and [illegible] old Cheatham, and [illegible] high-drawn pictures of the Yankee [illegible].

Overcoming all difficulties themselves by a wink of [illegible] of the [illegible] these parlor men in buckram call, [illegible] less than a Waterloo every time our forces [illegible] the enemy—the entire army must be captured or [illegible], or the General commanding is set down as an old fogy, and his removal for imbecility or trial for [illegible] loudly demanded. In fact, our lamp-post Generals belong to the class that marked their baggage in the begining of the war for New York or Boston, [illegible] to go right through to Canada, wiping out every [illegible], and leaving not [illegible] as a grease spot behind, and because the million and a half of men [illegible] by the Yankees have not all been killed or captured, they continually lament the weakness of the administration for appointing such men as Lee, Bragg, Beauregard, Jackson, Smith, Johnson and others to command our troops. These fancy critics have established their own superiority, patriotism and self-sacrificing devotion to our cause by their gallant behavior in the "home guards" for the protection of aged women and suckling babes, and of course tower above those rough men who conduct affairs in ordinary warfare as does an Egyptian Pyramid above a pigmy [illegible] pin.

Surely, it is time for sensible men—if we have any left—to frown down these shallow pated pretenders. On the fall of Donelson, when Gen. A. S. Johnson with a handful of men fell back from Bowling Green and through Nashville to Shiloh, the lamp-post kidney opened in a howl of unusual indignation, but not only the wisdom but the imperative necessity of the movement was apparent to the most stupid when his [illegible] became known—and later, when the brilliant victory of Shiloh rang through the land and the death of Albert Sidney Johnson threw a gloom over the country just as he had added the crowning wreath to his brow, our lamp-post "spoonies" and parlor [illegible] great Johnson, of Shiloh. Johnson was among the best of our Generals and among the [illegible] of his acts was the movement from Kentucky to Shiloh, by which he saved his little band from destruction; and President Davis never spoke more truly than when he said—"If Albert Sidney Johnson is not a General I have no Generals." He yielded [illegible] in defence of his country and his body [illegible] beneath [illegible] earth, but the name of Albert Sidney Johnson will form one of the brightest [illegible] in the history of this [illegible]. The men [illegible] him but failed, and so will they [illegible] others.

They have now a new subject, who having survived their first attack, is heavily stormed a second time. Braxton Bragg, whose name first became a part of his country's history on account of his gallant behavior and heroic conduct in the Mexican war, is now the victim at whom all the barbed arrows of the "[illegible]" and "spoonies" are directed. One thinks he excels in artillery but don't understand infantry; another that he is a good engineer but no General, and so on to the end of the catalogue of complaints and fault-findings invented by brainless lamp-post Generals. Because, after whipping the Yankees at Perryville, he returned to Tennessee with millions of dollars of property and [illegible] instead of "redeeming Kentucky" and capturing Cincinnati, he was set down by our "home-guard" heroes a failure; and now, after fighting one of the most desperate battles of the war, in which the enemy though numbering two to his one, were soundly chastised, because he did not "bag" the whole army instead of four or five thousand, and capture their entire armament instead of five thousand muskets and about fifty cannon, another yell of dissatisfaction is heard from our blood and thunder heroes.

As has been before asserted by this paper, Gen. Bragg could not have acted otherwise than he did in abandoning Kentucky, being pressed as he was by an army that largely outnumbered his, and among a people the majority of whom were hostile to the cause for

[illegible] and when the battle [illegible] not [illegible] chance to get reinforcements in time to renew the fight on the old ground. Having whipped the enemy and made heavy captures [illegible] approve and what will [illegible]

[illegible]

Advance when they will, we think our troops will be in position to meet them.

The Legislature.—This body assembles again on Monday next, and [illegible] That they will [illegible] Bill [illegible] by their [illegible] But we leave the matter with the Assembly, [illegible] refuse to [illegible] they will be held to a fearful [illegible]

What is to be done by the Assembly should be done quickly, for this is no time for [illegible] or lengthy speeches. We suppose, however, that the price of [illegible] to dispose the members to get away as soon as possible.

Sick and Wounded.—There were in the various hospitals of Richmond, for the week ending January 9th, 1863, the following sick and wounded soldiers: From North Carolina, 1,775; Georgia, 1,[illegible]; Virginia, 1,200; South Carolina, [illegible]; Alabama, [illegible]; Mississippi, 461; Louisiana, 454; Florida, [illegible]; Texas, 189; Tennessee, 95; Maryland, 27. Total 7,[illegible].

The City Election for Mayor and nine Commissioners takes place on Monday next. "Vote early" and vote for whom you please.

The first pair of shad have made their appearance in the Wilmington market and were taken by an enterprising [illegible] at $28.

Bulwer's last new novel—"A Strange Story"—has been [illegible] at Mobile, by [illegible] & Co. Price [illegible]

TRAITOR RULE IN HYDE COUNTY.

The Wilmington Journal of the 14th has the following:

We [illegible] in Hyde county [illegible] Sylvester [illegible] Lincoln government, and [illegible] the county and [illegible] He has made [illegible] to the "patriotic [illegible]" Southern man, [illegible] achievements of the Yankees, [illegible] without [illegible] this task. He says he is actuated solely by the love he has for the people of his native county, and love for the "old flag" under which his [illegible] bled and died," and under which he has [illegible] and hopes to die, etc. etc., in the usual [illegible] or a [illegible] the purpose of [illegible] allegiance, [illegible] Probably, in accordance with the Lincoln [illegible] very intelligent suffrage [illegible] the respectable [illegible] known as "Buffaloes."

While [illegible] is employed in his [illegible] Buffaloes, [illegible] McGowan and crew are engaged in stealing [illegible] citizens, sending them to Newbern to be turned over [illegible] the "Noble Stanly," or to [illegible] the oath of allegiance to the Abolition Government, they [illegible]

Upon the whole, the state of things in the counties over which Stanly lords it, is bad as bad can be, and the worst [illegible] to history and which they now [illegible]

[illegible] Work [illegible] from General [illegible]. All is [illegible] the Northern [illegible] Governor [illegible] stamp speech on the war, in which he [illegible]

[illegible] York [illegible] of Speaker. Sixteen ballots [illegible]

[illegible] Indianapolis. The [illegible] Supreme Court of Indiana [illegible]

[illegible] are the [illegible] left."

[illegible] DEALING IN THE [illegible] DEPARTMENT [illegible]

The following [illegible] of the Confederate Congress on [illegible]

Mr. Foote offered a resolution for a committee of inquiry into certain alleged frauds in the office of the Commissary General, of [illegible] especially with reference to a contract for [illegible] flour, made with [illegible], the nature of which contract demanded the promptest and most searching investigation.

Mr. Foote said that he referred to this painful subject with reluctance, and should not [illegible] which it called [illegible] had been [illegible] that there was great corruption in [illegible] one of the best men on earth to refer [illegible] in the terms of the resolution. [illegible] with particularity [illegible] proof of the contrary; and such proof had never been offered. It was [illegible] he had been by [illegible], in his opinion, was good and sufficient testimony, that within the space of six months two men in this city had been permitted to pocket two millions of dollars under a contract with the Commissary General. He had warned this House at the last session, that there were immense frauds in course of perpetration throughout the country. He was prepared to prove that public funds had been entrusted to men who were [illegible] gamblers, and were seen at the faro table in high play at the expense of the Government. It was a subject of common observation that men in quartermaster and commissary places, who were paupers a few years ago, were now rolling in wealth, and financial magnates in the South. What was most remarkable in this flour contract was, that one individual of this firm, interested in the contract for five hundred thousand barrels of flour, was [illegible] one of the officers in the bureau of the Commissary General, entrusted by the Commissary with important public trusts, and, he believed, recently sent to Europe, probably on some fresh mission of [illegible].

Mr. Lyons, of Virginia—Perhaps the gentleman will be so kind as to name the person to whom he refers.

Mr. Foote—He is the officer who is next in authority to the Commissary General, and has been so since the formation of this Government.

Mr. Garnett—Will the gentleman refer to the person by name?

Mr. Foote—His name is Ruffin.

Mr. Garnett said that Mr. Ruffin was a respectable citizen of Virginia, and wholly incapable of any such fraud as that alluded to.

Mr. Foote—I have no doubt that he has been thought a respectable man. I do not [illegible] any one but I have thought it my duty to indicate the necessity for an investigation. I would be pleased [illegible]

After some further debate, the House adjourned without making any order on the subject.

Col. David Coleman.—This gentleman arrived in Knoxville from the Battlefield near Murfreesboro, on [illegible] last. He was severely wounded [illegible] in the right leg, while leading his regiment to a charge against the abolitionists, his horse having been shot from under him a few moments before, and he was ordered to this city until his wound could heal. Col. David Coleman is one among the most gallant officers, in the Confederate States Army, from North Carolina. He was born and raised in Ashville, Buncombe county, and his intrepid and daring spirit is common to many of the bravest soldiers whose nativity and homes are in the Mountains of "old North State." [illegible] bravery and generosity, he has but few [illegible], and is as much at home in the Legislative halls of his State, as he is in the tented field. His patriotism has often been rewarded with the confidence reposed in him by his fellow citizens, in giving him honorable positions of trust, which he has never violated. Being now in the prime of life [illegible] he is looked upon by his friends as the "[illegible] and expectancy" of his State.—Knoxville Register.

From Havana.—The steamer Ella Warley, Captain [illegible], arrived at New York on the [illegible] ult. She left Havana for New York, via Key West, on the [illegible] December, at five o'clock p. m. On the [illegible] the rebel steamer Alice, formerly of Matagorda, left Havana for the purpose of running the blockade. There was great rejoicing in Havana on account of the defeat of General Burnside, which news reached that city three days in advance of the arrival of the Eagle, with dates of December 17, having been brought over from Mobile by a schooner which successfully ran the blockade. The news of the capture of the Ariel was also received with great joy. The secession feeling appears to be strongly on the increase in Havana. The Ella Warley left Key West at four o'clock p. m. on the [illegible] of December, for New York, and experienced very rough weather, head winds and strong gales during most of the passage. On the [illegible] of December, at 8 o'clock a. m., she passed the United States steamer [illegible], bound south, towing a bark, her supposed destination being Port Royal.

Andy Johnson's son, Bob, has raised a [illegible] regiment in Ohio, which is [illegible] ready for the field.

[illegible]

The Case of Rev. J. R. Graves.

Raleigh, Jan. 15, 1863.

Mr. Editor:—The trial of Rev. J. R. Graves, which was to have taken place in Hillsboro' to-day, [illegible] of the [illegible] officers. [illegible] The prevailing opinion here is, that it is [illegible].

Yours, &c., CONFEDERATE.

Lincoln Again in Print.—A [illegible] the following:

[illegible] Abraham Lincoln a bundle of newspaper criticisms upon him and his conduct of the war, last week. In speaking about it to a friend, Mr. Lincoln said:

"Having an hour to spare on Sunday, I read this batch of editorials, and when I was through reading I asked myself, 'Abraham Lincoln, are you a man or a dog?'"

The writer does not state what conclusion Mr. Lincoln arrived at, but leaves us to suppose that he regarded it as an open question.

A correspondent of the London [illegible] states that the word "[illegible]" is [illegible] Yankee [illegible] there [illegible] another; but [illegible] does not apply to bodies of men [illegible]

A Good One.—The [illegible] editor of the Rebel gets off the following:

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Herald says [illegible] for the Confederate States.

The Municipal Election.—Mr. Editor:—The election for [illegible] of this city will come off on the 19th instant. It is an important election. While we [illegible] the claims of others named for the position, we recommend, after consultation, the following ticket to the voters of the several Wards:

Eastern Ward.—Dr Wm H McKee, David L Royster, Dr [illegible] Haywood.

Middle Ward.—Richard H Battle, W R Richardson, [illegible] W Haywood.

Western Ward.—Thos H Briggs, Wm H H Tucker, C [illegible] Hutchins.

MANY VOTERS.

Jan 15.

[City papers please copy.]

$200 REWARD.

RANAWAY FROM THE WASHINGTON COMPANY Salt Works, Virginia, on Christmas night last, two negro men, AMOS and ALFRED. They were purchased of Wm. Mays, near Newbern, N. C., and it is supposed they are making their way back. Five negroes belonging to the said Mays also ranaway at the same time, and all may now be together. I will pay $200 for their arrest and delivery to any jail so that I can get them, or $100 for the arrest of either. Address,

J. B. CLARKSON,

Jan 9-3w*

Saltville, Washington county, Va.

EXTRACT LOGWOOD.

2,000 POUNDS EXTRACT LOGWOOD, JUST received for sale by

PRATT, DOWIE & JAMES,

Dec 27-1m*

Charleston, S. C.

BOARD! BOARD! BOARD!

GOOD BOARD AND PLEASANT ROOMS MAY BE obtained in one of the most select and pleasant parts of the city by applying immediately to D. H. BREWN, [illegible] story house in the rear of Mr. Pulliam's [illegible] street, Raleigh.

Dec 19-3

[illegible]

FROM [illegible]

[illegible] Jan. 16.

[illegible]

THE VIRGINIA SENATORSHIP.

[illegible] Jan. 16.

[illegible]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DR. W. J. [illegible], DENTIST,

MAY BE FOUND AT THE DENTAL OFFICE OVER Mr. P. F. Pescud's Drug Store. Jan 17-3t

NOTICE.

ALL WHO ARE INDEBTED TO US ON OPEN ACcount will please call and pay or bond the same.

Jan 17-1m

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO GOT $10.00 IN GOLD this morning (16th) for [illegible], can get it back, as it was not good, by addressing "F.," Raleigh, N. C.

Jan 17-3t*

PHOSPHORUS.

A SMALL QUANTITY OF PHOSPHORUS, FOR sale by

B. [illegible] & CO.

Jan 16-3t*

Raleigh, N. C.

WHISKY! WHISKY!

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS SEVENTEEN BARRELS of good old CORN WHISKY, which he offers for sale by the barrel. You can find him by calling at R. [illegible] Evans' Store.

Jan 15-1w

W. H. H. TUCKER.

W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.,

STOCK BROKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

RALEIGH, N. C.

(Office on [illegible] Street.)

WILL GIVE PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO [illegible] of Bank and Confederate Bonds, [illegible] and other [illegible], collection of Claims, and [illegible] with the different departments of the State Government.

[illegible] bought and sold.

REFERENCES.

G G [illegible], Wilmington.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] county.

[illegible] county.

[illegible] county.

Hon [illegible] county.

H W [illegible] county.

And [illegible] Raleigh generally.

Jan 14-6t

FOUND,

ON SUNDAY, THE 11TH INST., ON THE STREET between the Grave Yard and the Capitol, a BREAST PIN and other things attached to it. The owner, by calling at the establishment of G. D. Bagwell, describing said articles and paying all cost for advertisement, can have them.

[Jan 14-1w*]

W. A. PENNEY.

FOR MAYOR.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE CAPT. WM H. HARRISON as a candidate for re-election to the office of Mayor of the City of Raleigh, at the election to take place next Monday, the 19th inst.

Jan 12-6t*

NOTICE.

STRAYED FROM FRANKLINTON, N. C., MY CREAM COLORED HORSE, with black mane and tail, and a SORREL MULE, about three years old. Fifty dollars reward will be paid for their delivery at this place, or a reasonable reward for their confinement where I can get them.

Jan 12-1m*

PETER PERSON.

CITY ELECTION.

AN ELECTION WILL BE HELD ON THE THIRD MONDAY in January, the 19th day of the month, for a Mayor and nine Commoners.

M. B. ROYSTER,
W. F. ASKEW,
JOHN C. WILLIAMS,
MILLS H. BROWN,
Inspectors.

Dec 23-td

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS WHO PRESENT THEMSELVES at the office of the Surgeon General, between the hours of 3 and 5 p. m., will be vaccinated free of charge.

EDWARD WARREN,

Dec 29-1t

Surgeon General of N. C.